

# STUDENT NAME:

Calculus 1550, section 6. Wednesday, February 4, 2004. Fourth quiz.

The graph of the following function is sketched below:

$$f(x) = \frac{11x + 10}{4(x + 2)}$$

Remark: inverse function is  $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{8x - 10}{-4x + 11}$   
but I don't expect you to compute this!

- [1 points] If  $f(a) = 2$ , what is  $a$ ?  **$a = 2$**  (this can be read off graph.  
check:  $\frac{11 \times 2 + 10}{4(2+2)} = \frac{22+10}{4 \times 4} = \frac{32}{16} = 2$ )
- [1 points] Sketch the three lines  $y = 2$ ,  $y = 2 - (1/4)$  and  $y = 2 + (1/4)$  on the graph.
- [2 points] What is the minimum (positive) value of  $x$  such that  $|f(x) - 2| \leq 0.25$ ?  **$x = 1$**   
(this is read off graph; check:  $f(1) = \frac{11+10}{4 \times 3} = \frac{21}{12} = \frac{7}{4} = 3 \frac{1}{4} = 3.75$ )
- [2 points] What is the maximum positive value of  $x$  such that  $|f(x) - 2| \leq 0.25$ ?  **$x = 4$**   
(read off graph; check:  $f(4) = \frac{44+10}{4 \times 6} = \frac{54}{24} = \frac{9}{4} = 2 \frac{1}{4}$ )
- [2 points] Write down the set of all positive values of  $x$  where  $|f(x) - 2| < 0.25$ .  **$(1, 4)$**
- [2 points] Write a number  $\delta > 0$  such that  $|f(x) - 2| < 0.25$  whenever  $|x - a| < \delta$   
 **$|2-1|=1, |2-4|=2, \min(1,2)=1$  so  $\delta=1$**   
(any other  $\delta$ , with  $0 < \delta < 1$  also is correct)

