Mathematics Comprehensive Examination Algebra Core II (Field Theory and Galois Theory) January 2005

Directions: Do the first two problems, marked (*), and two additional problems for a total of four. Only turn in these four problems! Start each problem on a new sheet of paper. Put your name and the problem number at the top of every sheet. You will be graded on the **clarity** as well as on the **correctness** of your response. You have three and one-half hours to complete this exam. Good luck!

- 1*. If $f(x) \in K[x]$ is irreducible of degree $d \ge 1$ and if L|K is a finite extension of degree n with gcd(n,d) = 1, then f is irreducible in L[x].
- 2*. Prove or disprove: If L|K is a finite galois extension and if K|F is a finite galois extension, then L|F is a finite galois extension.
 - 3. Let f(x) be a separable polynomial of degree n that is irreducible in K[x], where K is a field. Let α be a root of f(x) in a field L containing K. Let r denote the number of roots of f(x) in K[α]. Prove that r divides n. Hint: Where are the remaining n r roots of f(x) not in K[α]?
 - 4. Give an explicit generator for each subfield of the splitting field of $x^4 + x^3 + x^2 + x + 1$ over Q.
 - 5. Prove or disprove: If [K : Q] = 3 and if [L : Q] = 3 and if $L \cap K = Q$ then the degree of $L \cdot K$ over Q is 9. Here, $L \cdot K$ denotes the compositum of L and K, that is, the smallest subfield of \overline{Q} containing both L and K.
 - 6. Let L|K be a finite galois extension and let $f(x) \in K[x]$ be an irreducible and separable polynomial of prime degree. Prove that either f(x) remains irreducible in L[X] or that f(x) factors completely in L[x].