# Math Tune up Summer 2008 

## Exercises

Wed. August 13

1. Solve the following equations
(a)

$$
x \frac{d y}{d x}-3 y=x^{4}
$$

(b)

$$
y^{\prime}+y=2 x e^{-x}+x^{2}
$$

2. Check that $y=x^{3}$ is a solution of

$$
y^{\prime}=\frac{y^{2}}{x^{4}}+2 x^{2}
$$

then solve this equation.
3. Remember that an equation of the form

$$
y^{\prime}+P(x) y=Q(x) y^{n}
$$

is called a Bernoulli's equation. It can be reduced to a linear equation by the change of variable $z=y^{1-n}$. Solve:
(a)

$$
x y^{\prime}+y=x^{4} y^{3}
$$

(b)

$$
x y^{2} y^{\prime}+y^{3}=x \cos x
$$

4. Solve the following differential equation and determine the interval of validity for the solution

$$
\frac{d y}{d x}=6 y^{2} x
$$

with

$$
y(1)=\frac{1}{25}
$$

5. Solve the following IVP and find the interval of validity for the solution

$$
y^{\prime}=\frac{3 x^{2}+4 x-4}{2 y-4}
$$

with

$$
y(1)=3
$$

6. Show that $y=c_{1} e^{2 x}+c_{2} x e^{2 x}$ is the general solution of

$$
y^{\prime \prime}-4 y^{\prime}+4 y=0
$$

(Hint: Show that $e^{2 x}$ and $x e^{2 x}$ are linearly independent by computing the Wronskian.)
7. Solve the following homogeneous equation

$$
2 y^{\prime \prime}-5 y^{\prime}+3 y=0
$$

8. Solve the following non-homogeneous equation

$$
y^{\prime \prime}-5 y^{\prime}+6 y=x e^{x}
$$

9. Solve

$$
y^{\prime \prime}-2 y^{\prime}+2 y=0
$$

10. Solve

$$
y^{\prime \prime}+y=\frac{1}{\cos x}
$$

