Section 5.4 Exponential and Logarithmic Equations

Recall the following definitions and properties from earlier in this chapter:

Definition of the Logarithmic Function

For x > 0, b > 0 and $b \ne 1$, $y = \log_b x$ if and only if $x = b^y$.

Logarithm Property of Equality

If a logarithmic equation can be written in the form $\log_b u = \log_b v$, then u = v. Furthermore, if u = v, then $\log_b u = \log_b v$.

Properties of logarithms

Let b > 0, $b \ne 1$, u and v represent positive numbers, and r be any real number.

- 1. The **Product Rule for Logarithms** is $\log_b(uv) = \log_b u + \log_b v$.
- 2. The Quotient Rule for Logarithms is $\log_b \frac{u}{v} = \log_b u \log_b v$.
- 3. The Power Rule for Logarithms is $\log_b u^r = r \log_b u$.

Change of Base Formula

For any positive base $b \ne 1$ and for any positive real number u, then $\log_b u = \frac{\log_a u}{\log_a b}$ where a is any positive number such that $a \ne 1$. Note that the preferred choices for a are usually 10 and a.

Objective 1: Solving Exponential Equations

If the equation can be written in the form $b^u = b^v$, then solve the equation u = v.

If the equation can be written in the form $b^{u} = c$ where c is a constant not equal to b:

- 1. Rewrite the equation in logarithmic form using the Definition of a Logarithmic Function.
- 2. Solve for the given variable and use the Change of Base Formula to evaluate.

If the equation cannot be written in the form $b^u = b^v$ or $b^u = c$:

- 1. Use the Logarithm Property of Equality to "take the log of both sides" (base 10 or base e).
- 2. Use the Power Rule of Logarithms to "bring down" any exponents.
- 3. Solve for the given variable.

Objective 2: Solving Logarithmic Equations

If the equation can be written in the form $\log_b u = \log_b v$, then solve the equation u = v.

If the equation cannot be written in the form $\log_b u = \log_b v$:

- 1. Determine the domain of the variable.
- 2. Use Properties of Logarithms to combine all logarithms and write as a single logarithm if needed.
- 3. Use the Definition of a Logarithmic Function to rewrite the equation in exponential form.
- 4. Solve for the given variable.
- 5. Check for any extraneous solutions. Verify that each solution is in the domain of the variable.

When solving logarithmic equations, it is important to always verify the solutions. The process of solving logarithmic equations often produces extraneous solutions.