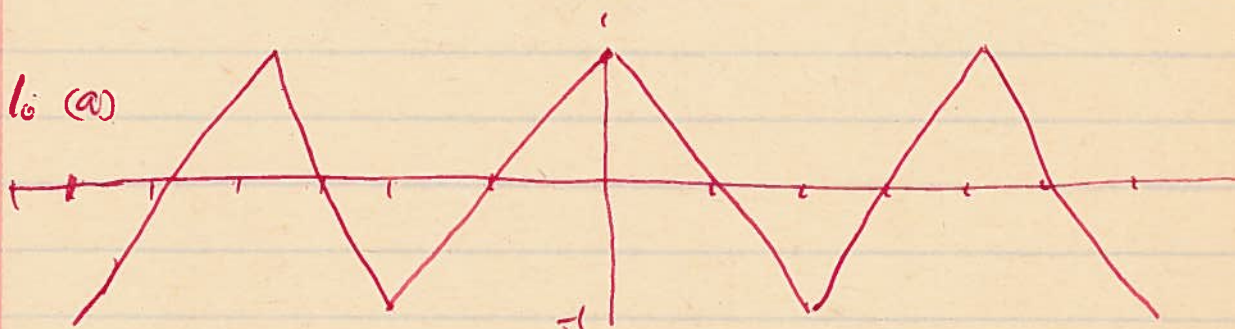


Exam V Key



(b) $f(x)$ is even so only cosine terms appear.

$$f(x) \sim \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \cos \frac{n\pi}{2} x$$

$$a_0 = \frac{2}{2} \int_0^2 (1-x) dx = -\left. \frac{(1-x)^2}{2} \right|_0^2 = 0$$

$$a_n = \int_0^2 (1-x) \cos \frac{n\pi x}{2} dx$$

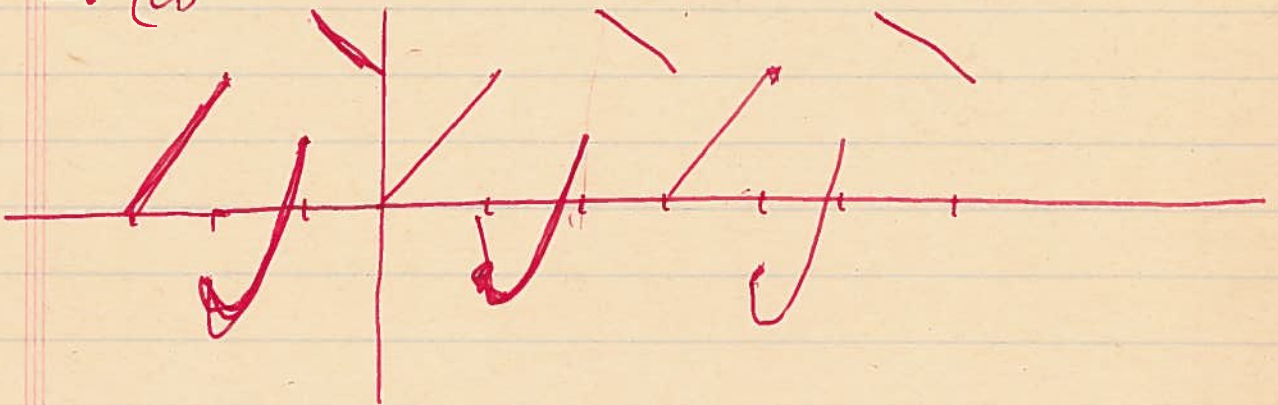
$$= \int_0^2 \cos \frac{n\pi x}{2} dx - \int_0^2 x \cos \frac{n\pi x}{2} dx$$

$$= \left. \frac{2}{n\pi} \sin \frac{n\pi x}{2} \right|_0^2 - \left[\frac{4}{n^2\pi^2} \cos \frac{n\pi x}{2} + \frac{2x}{n\pi} \sin \frac{n\pi x}{2} \right]_0^2$$

$$= -\frac{4}{n^2\pi^2} [\cos n\pi - 1] = \frac{4}{n^2\pi^2} (1 + (-1)^{n+1})$$

$$f(x) \sim \frac{4}{\pi^2} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left[\frac{1 + (-1)^{n+1}}{n^2} \right] \cos \frac{n\pi}{2} x$$

2. (a)



$$g(0) = \frac{1}{2}(2+0) = 1$$

$$g(2) = \frac{1}{2}(3+1) = 2$$

$$g(4) = \frac{1}{2}(2+(-1)) = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$g(-1) = g(2) = 2$$

$$g\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = 1$$

$$3. x^2 = 2 \int_0^x g(t) dt$$

$$= 4 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{n} \int_0^x \sin nt dt$$

$$= 4 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{n} \left(-\frac{\cos nt}{n} \right) \Big|_0^x$$

$$= 4 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{n} \left(\frac{\cos nx}{n} + \frac{1}{n} \right)$$

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$$= 4 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^2} \cos nx + 4 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{n^2}$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} x^2 dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \left[\frac{x^3}{3} \right]_{-\pi}^{\pi} = 2 \frac{\pi^2}{3}$$

$$f(x) \sim \frac{\pi^2}{3} + 4 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^2} \cos nx$$

(b) $f_1(x) = f'(x)$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \cos x + \frac{2}{\pi} \sum_{n=2,4,6,\dots} \frac{n \sin nx}{n^2-1}$$

4. $y_p = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (A_n \cos n\pi x + B_n \sin n\pi x)$

$$y_p'' + 10y_p$$

$$= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-n^2\pi^2 A_n + 10A_n) \cos n\pi x + (-n^2\pi^2 B_n + 10B_n) \sin n\pi x$$

$$= \sum \cos \frac{n\pi x}{n^2} + \frac{\sin n\pi x}{n}$$

$$\Rightarrow (10 - n^2\pi^2) A_n = \frac{1}{n^2} \Rightarrow A_n = \frac{1}{n^2(10 - n^2\pi^2)}$$
$$(10 - n^2\pi^2) B_n = \frac{1}{n} \Rightarrow B_n = \frac{1}{n(10 - n^2\pi^2)}$$

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⇒

$$Y_p = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{\cos n\pi x}{n^2(10-n^2\pi^2)} + \frac{\sin n\pi x}{n(10-n^2\pi^2)} \right)$$