## 18.781 Problem Set 1 - Fall 2008

Due Tuesday, Sep. 16 at 1:00

- 1. (Niven 5.3.3) Find all PT's whose terms form an
  - (a) Arithmetic progression
  - (b) Geometric progression
- 2. (Niven 5.3.7) For which n are there solutions to  $x^2 y^2 = n$ ?
- 3. (Niven 5.3.9) Prove that any integer n can be expressed in the form

$$n = x^2 + y^2 - z^2$$

(contrast this with Gauss' 3-squares Theorem!).

- 4. Final all PPT's with c = a + 2.
- 5. The *n*-th triangular number is given by  $T_n := 1 + 2 + \cdots + n$ . The first few values are  $T_1 = 1, T_2 = 3, T_3 = 6, \ldots$ 
  - (a) Prove using induction that  $T_n = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$ .
  - (b) Prove that for any *n* there is a PPT containing  $4T_n$ . For example, (7, 24, 25) contains  $4T_3 = 24$ .
- 6. Prove that

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{1}{i(i+1)} = \frac{n}{n+1}.$$

- 7. (a) Find all rational points on the circle  $x^2 + y^2 = 2$ , using (1, 1) as the starting point.
  - (b) Try to use the same method to find all rational points on  $x^2 + y^2 = 3$ . What goes wrong?
- (Bonus) Prove that there are no rational points on  $x^2 + y^2 = 3$ .
- 8. (Niven 1.2.2) Find the greatest common divisor g = (1819, 3587), and find x, y such that

$$1819x + 3587y = g.$$

- 9. (Niven 1.2.9) Show that if  $ac \mid bc$ , then  $a \mid b$ .
- 10. (Niven 1.2.10) Show that if  $a \mid b$  and  $c \mid d$ , then  $ac \mid bd$ .
- 11. (Niven 1.2.11) Prove that  $4 \nmid (n^2 + 2)$  for any n.
- 12. (Niven 1.2.12) Given that (a, 4) = (b, 4) = 2, prove that (a + b, 4) = 4.
- 13. (Niven 1.2.17) Evaluate (n, n + 1) and [n, n + 1].
- 14. (Niven 1.2.36) Prove that (a, b, c) = ((a, b), c).
- 15. (Niven 1.2.43) Prove that  $a \mid bc$  if and only if  $\frac{a}{(a,b)} \mid c$ .

16. Prove that in the Euclidean algorithm,  $r_{i+2} < \frac{1}{2}r_i$ .

(Bonus) Find a bound on the total number of steps in the algorithm.

17. (Niven 1.2.45) Prove that any positive integer a can be uniquely expressed as

$$a = 3^m + b_{m-1}3^{m-1} + \dots + b_13 + b_0,$$

where  $b_i = 0, 1, \text{ or } -1$ .