## Problem Solving Seminar - Fall 2012 Oct. 15

1. (a) Find the area of the region

$$\{(x,y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 \mid 0 \le x \le y \le 1\}.$$

(b) Find the volume of the region

$$\{(x, y, z) \in \mathbb{R}^3 \mid 0 \le x \le y \le z \le 1\}.$$

- 2. Calculate the volume of a tetrahedron ABCD with side-lengths AB = AC = AD = 5 and BC = 3, CD = 4, and BD = 5.
- 3. (a) Find a way to cut a  $9 \times 16$  rectangle into two pieces that can be assembled into a  $12 \times 12$  square.
  - (b) Does your construction generalize? Can you cut a  $16 \times 25$  rectangle into two pieces that form a  $20 \times 20$  square?
- 4. A coin of diameter d is dropped on a tile floor that consists of  $d \times d$  squares. What is the probability that the coin covers one of the corners on the floor?
- 5. [1998 A-1] A right circular cone has base of radius 1 and height 3. A cube is inscribed in the cone so that one face of the cube is contained in the base of the cone. What is the side-length of the cube?
- 6. [1998 A-2] Let s be any arc of the unit circle lying entirely in the first quadrant. Let A be the area of the region lying below s and above the x-axis and let B be the area of the region lying to the right of the y-axis and to the left of s. Prove that A + B depends only on the arc length, and not on the position, of s.