

Please show all work, the correct arguments counts for half of the points!

*(Please print)***1[10P]**) Which of the following sets is a vector space and which are not:

a)  $\{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 \mid 2x + y^2 = 0\}$ .

b)  $\{(x, y, z) \in \mathbb{R}^n \mid 2x - 3y + z - 1 = 0\}$ .

c)  $\{f \in C^1((-1, 1)) \mid f'(0) = 0\}$ .

d)  $\{f \in C([0, 1]) \mid \int_0^1 f(t) dt = 0\}$ .

e) The polynomials of degree at most 4,  $\{a_4x^4 + a_3x^3 + a_2x^2 + a_1x + a_0 \mid a_0, a_1, a_2, a_3, a_4 \in \mathbb{R}\}$ .

**2[10P]**) Which of the following maps are linear and which are not.

a)  $T : \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^4$ ,

$$T \left( \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix} \right) = \begin{pmatrix} 2x + 3y - z \\ 4x + yz \\ 3x - 3y + 5z \\ 3z \end{pmatrix}.$$

b)  $T : C^1(\mathbb{R}) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ ,  $T(f) = \int_0^1 f(t) dt$ .

c)  $T : C^1((0, 1)) \rightarrow C^0((0, 1))$ ,  $T(f) = ff'$ .

d)  $T : C^0(\mathbb{R}) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ ,  $T(f) = f(1)$ .

e) For  $n \in \mathbb{N}$  let  $W_n = \left\{ \sum_{k=0}^{2^n-1} a_k^n \varphi_k^{(n)} \mid a_0, \dots, a_{2^n-1} \in \mathbb{R} \right\}$  and  $T : W_n \rightarrow W_{(n-1)}$  the Wavelet transform

$$T \left( \sum_{k=0}^{2^n-1} a_k^n \varphi_k^{(n)} \right) = \sum_{k=0}^{2^{n-1}-1} a_k^{(n-1)} \varphi_k^{(n)}, \quad a_k^{n-1} = \frac{a_{2k}^n + a_{2k+1}^n}{2} \text{ the average.}$$

Please show all work, the correct arguments counts for half of the points!

(Please print)

1[10P]) Which of the following sets is a vector space and which are not:

- a)  $\{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 \mid 2x + y^2 = 0\}$ . Not a vector space because of the  $y^2$ .
- b)  $\{(x, y, z) \in \mathbb{R}^3 \mid 2x - 3y + z - 1 = 0\}$ . Not a vector space because of the  $-1$ .  $(0, 0, 0)$  is not in the set.
- c)  $\{f \in C^1((-1, 1)) \mid f'(0) = 0\}$ . Is a vector space:  $(f+g)'(0) = f'(0) + g'(0) = 0$ .  $(rf)'(0) = r f'(0) = 0$ .
- d)  $\{f \in C([0, 1]) \mid \int_0^1 f(t) dt = 0\}$ . Is a vector space, because  $\int_0^1$  is linear.
- e) The polynomials of degree at most 4,  $\{a_4x^4 + a_3x^3 + a_2x^2 + a_1x + a_0 \mid a_0, a_1, a_2, a_3, a_4 \in \mathbb{R}\}$ . Is a vector space.

2[10P]) Which of the following maps are linear and which are not.

a)  $T: \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^4$ ,

$$T\left(\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix}\right) = \begin{pmatrix} 2x + 3y - z \\ 4x + yz \\ 3x - 3y + 5z \\ 3z \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{not linear}$$

b)  $T: C^1(\mathbb{R}) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ ,  $T(f) = \int_0^1 f(t) dt$ . Is linear  $\int_0^1 (rf + sg) dt = r \int_0^1 f dt + s \int_0^1 g dt$

c)  $T: C^1((0, 1)) \rightarrow C^0((0, 1))$ ,  $T(f) = (ff')$ . Not linear  $T(rf) = r^2 ff' = r^2 T(f) \neq r T(f)$  if  $r \neq 1, 0$

d)  $T: C^0(\mathbb{R}) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ ,  $T(f) = f(1)$ .

Linear

e) For  $n \in \mathbb{N}$  let  $W_n = \left\{ \sum_{k=0}^{2^n-1} a_k^n \varphi_k^{(n)} \mid a_0, \dots, a_{2^n-1} \in \mathbb{R} \right\}$  and  $T: W_n \rightarrow W_{(n-1)}$  the Wavelet transform

$$T\left(\sum_{k=0}^{2^n-1} a_k^n \varphi_k^{(n)}\right) = \sum_{k=0}^{2^{n-1}-1} a_k^{(n-1)} \varphi_k^{(n)}, \quad a_k^{n-1} = \frac{a_{2k}^n + a_{2k+1}^n}{2} \text{ the average.}$$

linear.