

1) Determine which of the following sets is **not** a vector space. Explain your answer:

- a)  $\{(x, y, z) \in \mathbb{R}^3 \mid x + y - z = 0\}$ .
- b)  $\{(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4) \in \mathbb{R}^{10} \mid x_1 + x_2 - x_3 + 5x_4 = 4\}$ ;
- c)  $\{f \in C^\infty(\mathbb{R}) \mid f' + f = 0\}$ ;
- d)  $\{x \in V \mid T(x) = y\}$  where  $V$  and  $W$  are vector spaces,  $T : V \rightarrow W$  is linear and  $y \in W$ .

2) Which of the following maps is **not** linear. Explain your answer:

- a)  $T : \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2, T(x, y, z) = (x + 2y, x - 3y)$ ;
- b)  $T : \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, T(x, y, z) = 2x + 3y + z + 1$ ;
- c)  $T : C([a, b]) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, T(f) = \int_a^b f(t) dt$
- d)  $T : C^\infty(\mathbb{R}) \rightarrow C^\infty(\mathbb{R}), T(f) = f' \cdot f$ .

3) Evaluate the given linear map at the given vector

- a)  $T : C^\infty(\mathbb{R}) \rightarrow C^\infty(\mathbb{R}), T(f) = 2f' + 3f, f(x) = x^2$ ;

b)  $T : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^3, T\left(\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}\right) = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 \\ 2 & -2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ ;

- c)  $T : C([0, 1]) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, T(f) = \int_0^1 f(x) dx, f(x) = \cos(2\pi x)$ .

- d)  $T : \mathbb{C}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{C}, T(z_1, z_2, z_3) = z_1 + 2z_2 + (3 + i)z_3, (z_1, z_2, z_3) = (1 + i, 1 - i, 2 + 3i)$ .