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Math 1553

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- Show All Work in the space provided. Grading is based on the correctness of the work shown to justify the answers. We can give credit only for what you write! Indicate clearly if you continue a problem on a second page. There are 4 problems.
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- This is a take-home test on an *honor system*. You may take as much time as you like, but **I must receive your completed test by email no later than 3 PM on Thursday, April 1.** If you have no device that scans your work directly to a single pdf file, then photograph your pages *in the correct order* with your phone, being sure to *orient all pages the same way*, and save as jpeg, then try this please: put the jpeg files into your computer, highlight the whole group of pictures, right click PRINT and then select PRINT TO PDF. That way I can receive a multipage PDF file which is possible to grade in a way you will be able to read later. Email that file to me **rich@math.lsu.edu** as soon as you are ready but no later than 3 PM on Thursday, April 1. *These instructions express my trust and confidence in your integrity and good character*.

Before you send me your pdf file containing all your pages as one single file, with the problems in the correct order, and please make sure everything is legible. Use a sufficiently dark writing instrument for your test and make sharp, clear images, so I can read them. I simply cannot grade what I cannot read. Thank you for your consideration in this!

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1. (20) Use the integral test to determine convergence or divergence of the following series.

a. (10)
$$\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n \ln n}$$

b. (10)
$$\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n(\ln n)^2}$$

2. (20) Use either a comparison test or a limit comparison test to determine the convergence or divergence of each series.

a. (10)
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n^2 + 7n}{5n^3 - 4}$$

b. (10)
$$\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^3 - n^2}$$

3. (30) Define $f(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} nx^n$.

a. (10) Use the ratio test to find the radius R of convergence for the power series that defines f(x).

b. (10) Find the interval I of convergence for the power series for f(x). Remember to show how you test the endpoints.

c. (5) Use the power series for f(x) to express $\int_0^{\frac{1}{2}} f(x) dx$ as the sum of an infinite series of constants.

d. (5) Use the power series for f(x) to find $\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{f(x) - x - 2x^2}{x^3}$.

4. (30) Consider the Taylor series expansion of $f(x) = \ln x$ with base point a = 3:

$$\ln x = a_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n (x-3)^n$$

a. (20) Use the Taylor coefficient formula to find the constant term a_0 and a formula for a_n with $n \ge 1$. Then write out the full Taylor series for $\ln x$ in powers of x - 3 using the coefficients that you have found. (You are *not* asked to prove convergence to $\ln x$.)

b. (5) Use the result of part (a) and the ratio test to find the radius R of convergence for this Taylor series.

c. (5) Find the interval I of convergence for this Taylor series. Remember to show how you test the left endpoint and the right endpoint for convergence or divergence.